

WHAT TO DO WHEN SOMEONE DIES: FIRST 24 HOURS CHECKLIST

Use this guide to navigate the essential tasks in the first day after a death



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FIRST 24 HOURS AFTER DEATH - CHECKLIST (PDF FORMAT) WHAT TO DO WHEN SOMEONE DIES: FIRST 24 HOURS CHECKLIST **IMMEDIATE ACTIONS CHECKLIST** *Use this guide to navigate the essential tasks in the* first day after a death ☐ STEP 1: OBTAIN OFFICIAL PRONOUNCEMENT OF DEATH If death occurred at home with hospice: • \square Call hospice nurse (they will pronounce death) • \square Follow hospice guidance for next steps • Allow hospice to handle initial documentation If death occurred at home without hospice: • □ Call 911 or local emergency number • ☐ If death was expected, inform responders and provide physician documentation • \square Cooperate with any police response (standard protocol) If death occurred in hospital or care facility: ☐ Speak with medical staff about pronouncement • Request death certificate documentation • \square Ask to speak with social worker or patient advocate If death was unexpected or in public: • \square Emergency services will respond ☐ Medical examiner or coroner may need to investigate ☐ Body will be released after examination

	EP 2: NOTIFY IMMEDIATE FAMILY
Prior	ity notifications (within first few hours):
•	☐ Spouse or partner
•	☐ Children (adult and minor)
•	☐ Parents or siblings of deceased
•	☐ Anyone the deceased specifically wanted notified
•	☐ Close friends who should know immediately
Helpf	ul tips:
•	☐ Designate one person as central contact to notify others
•	☐ Ask someone to help make calls if you're overwhelmed
•	☐ Keep initial calls brief; details can come later
	EP 3: UNDERSTAND BODY TRANSPORTATION OPTIONS
Know	your timeframe:
•	☐ Understand you typically have several hours (not minutes)
•	☐ You are NOT required to call funeral home immediately
•	☐ Hospital/facility can hold body temporarily
•	☐ Allow time for family to gather if desired
Trans	sportation choices:
•	☐ Funeral home (traditional option)
•	☐ Direct disposition service (cremation/burial only)
•	☐ Medical examiner facility (if required)

• Understand once you choose, that facility typically handles services
Before authorizing transport:
• ☐ Ask which funeral home or service
• ☐ Understand you can choose where body goes
• □ Don't feel rushed into immediate decision
□ STEP 4: SECURE THE RESIDENCE AND BELONGINGS
If deceased lived alone or death occurred at home:
Physical security:
 □ Lock all doors and windows
• □ Consider changing locks if keys were distributed
• ☐ Ensure property is secured if you cannot stay there
Valuables and important items:
• ☐ Secure jewelry and valuables
• □ Locate important documents
• ☐ Secure or safely dispose of medications
• ☐ Protect financial documents and statements
Pets:
• ☐ Arrange immediate care for any pets
• ☐ Ensure pets have food and water
• □ Contact family/friends who can help with pet care
• □ Consider temporary boarding if necessary
Property maintenance:

• ☐ Decide on utilities (keep on or adjust)		
• ☐ Maintain security system if present		
• □ Remove perishable food if home will be vacant		
• ☐ Arrange for mail collection		
□ STEP 5: GATHER ESSENTIAL DOCUMENTS		
Immediate priority documents (locate within 24 hours):		
• ☐ Government-issued ID (driver's license, passport)		
• □ Social Security card or number		
• □ Will or trust documents		
• ☐ Any advance directives or funeral wishes		
• ☐ Insurance policies (life, burial, final expense)		
Important but can gather over next few days:		
• □ Birth certificate		
• ☐ Marriage certificate (if applicable)		
• ☐ Military discharge papers (DD-214) if veteran		
• □ Bank account information		
• Credit card information		
• ☐ Investment account information		
• □ Property deeds and vehicle titles		
• ☐ Tax records		
Document storage:		
• ☐ Keep all documents in secure, organized location		

•	☐ Make copies of critical documents
•	☐ Note where original documents are stored
	EP 6: IMMEDIATE DECISION CONSIDERATIONS
Autop	sy (if applicable):
•	☐ Understand if autopsy is legally required (you have no choice)
•	☐ Consider optional autopsy if questions about cause of death
•	☐ Communicate religious/personal objections if autopsy is optional
•	☐ Understand optional autopsies have costs
Organ	and tissue donation (time-sensitive):
•	☐ Check if deceased was registered donor
•	☐ Hospital will contact organ procurement automatically if registered
•	☐ Consider donation if it aligns with deceased's likely wishes
•	☐ Know donation doesn't prevent open-casket services
•	☐ Understand family pays no costs for donation
	EP 7: ESSENTIAL NOTIFICATIONS (WITHIN 24 HOURS)
Who r	needs to know immediately:
•	☐ Deceased's employer (if currently employed)
•	☐ Deceased's closest friends
•	☐ Clergy or spiritual advisor (if applicable)
•	☐ Landlord (if deceased rented residence)

Notifications that CAN WAIT several days:

•	☐ Extended family and distant friends
•	☐ Social Security Administration
•	☐ Medicare/Medicaid
•	☐ Banks and financial institutions
•	☐ Credit card companies
•	☐ Insurance companies (other than death claim)
•	☐ Subscriptions and membership services
⊐ STI	EP 8: ACCEPT HELP AND DELEGATE
When	people ask "How can I help?" assign specific tasks:
•	☐ "Can you call these people for me?"
•	□ "Could you pick up groceries?"
•	□ "Would you stay here while I go to the funeral home?"
•	□ "Can you help me find these documents?"
•	☐ "Could you pick up relatives from the airport?"
•	☐ "Would you coordinate meals for the next few days?"
Accep	t practical support:
•	☐ Allow others to bring food
•	☐ Let people handle household tasks
•	☐ Accept offers to watch children
•	☐ Allow friends to field phone calls

□ STEP 9: BASIC SELF-CARE
Physical needs:
• □ Eat something (even if not hungry)
□ Drink water regularly
• □ Rest or sleep if possible
• □ Take any of your regular medications
Emotional acknowledgment:
 □ Accept that however you feel is valid
• ☐ Understand shock and numbness are normal
• ☐ Know that difficulty concentrating is expected
• □ Allow yourself to cry (or not cry)
• ☐ Recognize physical symptoms (headache, nausea, exhaustion) are normal grief responses
Reach out if needed:
• □ Call a trusted friend or family member
■ Contact clergy or spiritual advisor
• □ Call crisis support if experiencing mental health crisis: 988
• ☐ Use 24/7 grief support resources if needed
WHAT DOES NOT NEED TO HAPPEN IN 24 HOURS
Give yourself permission to wait on these:
• □ Complete funeral planning (basic decisions sufficient for now)
• □ Writing and publishing obituary
 □ Closing bank accounts

• □ Canceling credit cards
• □ Sorting through belongings
• ☐ Cleaning out residence
 ■ Making major irreversible decisions
• □ Notifying every person and organization
• ☐ Having all answers figured out
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NOTES & QUESTIONS Use this space for important information, phone numbers, or tasks: **CONTACTS TO RECORD** Funeral home selected: Name: Phone: Contact person: Family point person coordinating: Name: Phone: Deceased's attorney (if applicable): Name: _____ Phone: Other important contacts:

REMEMBER:

✓ There is no "perfect" way to handle the first 24 hours ✓ You are doing your best in an impossible situation ✓ Asking for help is not weakness—it's wisdom ✓ Many tasks can wait until you're thinking more clearly ✓ Support and resources are available when you need them

Download more free funeral planning resources at MemorialMerits.com

Read the complete article: "What to Do When Someone Dies: First 24 Hours Checklist"

Need immediate support? Talk to Solace 24/7 at MemorialMerits.com/meet-solace/

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